

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box [+]

PTO/SB/05 (12/97)

Approved for use through 09/30/00. OMB 0651-0032

Patent and Trademark Office: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. 02950.P015

Total Pages 3

First Named Inventor or Application Identifier Robert Joyce

Express Mail Label No. EL034160341US

ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, D. C. 20231

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

1. X Fee Transmittal Form
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. X Specification (Total Pages 43)
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
 - Descriptive Title of the Invention
 - Cross References to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to Microfiche Appendix
 - Background of the Invention
 - Brief Summary of the Invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
 - Detailed Description
 - Claims
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
3. X Drawings(s) (35 USC 113) (Total Sheets 9)
4. Oath or Declaration (Total Pages)
 - a. Newly Executed (Original or Copy)
 - b. Copy from a Prior Application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
(for Continuation/Divisional with Box 17 completed) (**Note Box 5 below**)
 - i. **DELETIONS OF INVENTOR(S)** Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4b is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
6. Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)

7. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)
a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & documents(s))
9. ☐ a. 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (where there is an assignee)
☐ b. Power of Attorney
10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
11. ☐ a. Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449
☐ b. Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
14. ☐ a. Small Entity Statement(s)
☐ b. Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired
15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
16. ☒ Other: Associate Power of Attorney
Letter Regarding Limited Recognition
Declaration/Power of Attorney (unsigned)

17. **If a CONTINUING APPLICATION**, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP)
of prior application No:

18. **Correspondence Address**

☐ Customer Number or Bar Code Label
(Insert Customer No. or Attach Bar Code Label here)
or

☒ Correspondence Address Below

NAME
BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP

ADDRESS 12400 Wilshire Boulevard
Seventh Floor

CITY Los Angeles STATE California ZIP CODE 90025-1026

Country U.S.A. TELEPHONE (408) 720-8598 FAX (408) 720-9397

12/01/97

- 2 -

PTO/SB/05 (12/97)

Approved for use through 09/30/00. OMB 0651-0032
Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION

FOR

METHOD AND PROCESS FOR ACCUMULATING AND SUMMARIZING
DATA FOR DEFINED TIME INTERVALS WITHIN A CUSTOMER
INTERACTION SYSTEM

INVENTORS:

Robert Joyce

Richard Ney

Kevin Garcia

Prepared by:

BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN
12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD
SEVENTH FLOOR
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90025
(408) 720-8598

Attorney's Docket No. 02950.P015

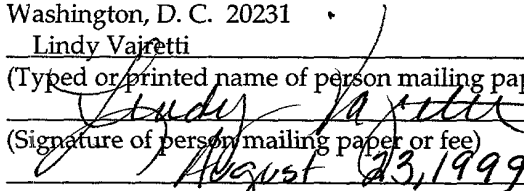
"Express Mail" mailing label number: EL034160355US

Date of Deposit: August 23, 1999

I hereby certify that I am causing this paper or fee to be deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service on the date indicated above and that this paper or fee has been addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D. C. 20231

Lindy Vajretti

(Typed or printed name of person mailing paper or fee)


(Signature of person mailing paper or fee)

August 23, 1999
(Date signed)

METHOD AND PROCESS FOR ACCUMULATING AND SUMMARIZING DATA FOR DEFINED TIME INTERVALS WITHIN A CUSTOMER INTERACTION SYSTEM

5

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to the processing, storing and
accessing of information within a customer interaction system and, more
specifically, to the accumulating and summarizing of customer interaction
10 data within a customer interaction environment.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

To provide efficient customer support responsive to customer
requests received via, for example, a telephone network or the Internet, an
15 enterprise may employ a multiple customer interaction systems (also known
as transaction processing systems). Examples of such customer interaction
systems include Automatic Call Distributors, (ACDs), web servers, e-mail
servers, work flow servers or network routers. These multiple customer
interaction systems may be located at a single site (e.g., a call center) or may
20 alternatively be distributed over multiple sites. In order to route customer
requests efficiently to agents coupled to multiple customer interaction
systems, it is advantageous for a customer interaction manager to have a
site-wide or enterprise-wide view of resource availability and efficiency,
regardless of the type of customer interaction system on which the relevant
25 interaction occurred.

The presentation of information and statistics pertaining to various parameters within a customer interaction system to a manager is useful so as to allow the manager to reconfigure and allocate system resources, to thereby increase the efficiency with which customer interactions may be

5 conducted. For example, consider the situation wherein a customer interaction system in the form of a ACD distributes telephone calls to multiple agents. Information concerning maximum hold times, average hold times, maximum talk times, average talk times, and ring times is useful to the manager in accessing performance of the relevant agents, and

10 determining whether the relevant ACD is under- or over-staffed. The above-identified information may also be useful to an automatic alarm or re-configuration system that performs dynamic resource allocation and load balancing operations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to a first aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of processing customer interaction records within a customer interaction system. An interaction record, including interaction information
5 describing a customer interaction, is received. A cumulative record to which the interaction record contributes is identified. The cumulative record is modified to reflect the interaction information contained within the interaction record.

According to a second aspect of the present invention, there is
10 provided a process for processing customer interaction records within a customer interaction system. A first process receives an interaction record including interaction information describing a customer interaction, and identifies a cumulative record to which the interaction record contributes. A second process modifies the cumulative record to reflect the interaction
15 information contained within the interaction record.

According to a third aspect of the present invention, there is provided a computer-readable medium that stores a sequence of instructions that, when executed by machine, cause the machine to perform the above described method or any one of the methods described below.

20 Other features of the present invention will be apparent from the accompanying drawings and from the detailed description which follows.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention is illustrated by way of example in the following drawings in which like references indicate similar elements. The following drawings disclose various embodiments of the present invention
5 for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

Figure 1 illustrates an embodiment of an exemplary client interaction environment within which the present invention may be employed in
10 accordance with the teachings of one embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 2 illustrates one embodiment of a data path implemented within the client interaction environment in accordance with the teachings of one embodiment of the present invention.
15

Figure 3 illustrates an embodiment of exemplary client interaction system within an environment in accordance with the teachings of one embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 4 illustrates an embodiment of an architecture of an exemplary information server hosted on a server device in accordance with the teachings of one embodiment of the present invention.
20

Figure 5 is a block diagram illustrating a data engine, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, that may form part of an information server and that generates a result set for a predetermined time and customer interaction system, according to an exemplary embodiment

5

Figure 6 is a flow chart illustrating a first process, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, that may be embodied within a row object.

10 **Figure 7** is a diagrammatic representation of a column object, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, that includes a data operator that pertains to a specific column of a result set.

15 **Figure 8** is a flow chart illustrating a process, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, of modifying a cumulative record to include information embodied within an interaction record received by the data engine, the cumulative record being for a predetermined time.

20 **Figure 9** is a flow chart providing an exemplary implementation of the process detailed by the flow chart shown in **Figure 8**.

Figure 10 is a flow chart illustrating further details regarding a process, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, by which a cumulative record may be updated to reflect information contained within an interaction record.

5

Figure 11 is a diagrammatic representation of the data structures and processes involved in an exemplary performance of the process illustrated in **Figure 10**.

10

Figure 12 is a block diagram of a machine, in the exemplary form of a computer system, within which any of the methods described below may be performed.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The following detailed description sets forth numerous specific details to provide a thorough understanding of the invention. However, those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known methods, procedures, protocols, components, algorithms, and circuits have not been described in detail so as not to obscure the invention.

Customer Interaction Environment Overview

For the purposes of the present invention the term "interaction record" shall be taken to include any record that includes information pertaining to a customer interaction. The term "interaction record" shall not be limited to the specific structure or content described below. The term "customer interaction" shall be taken to include, but not be limited to, a telephone call, an e-mail request or response, a fax request or response, an instant messaging receipt or response, a web-based request or response, or any other communication between a customer and a service or product provider.

Figure 1 is a diagrammatic representation of an exemplary customer interaction environment 10 within which the present invention may be employed. The customer interaction environment 10 includes a server device 12 that hosts an information server 14 and database management system (DBMS) 16. The information server 14 collects, processes,

consolidates and provides access to near-real-time and historical transaction data generated by, and pertaining to, multiple customer interaction systems (e.g., ACDs, e-mail servers, web servers, Computer Telephony Integration (CTI) servers, and Interactive Voice Response (IVR) workflow servers, other
5 workflow servers or network routers) and other devices, within the environment 10. The information server 14 accordingly functions as a framework for capturing, summarizing and storing interaction data form multiple sources, as will be described below.

The DBMS 16 may, for example, be the Oracle8 Server developed by
10 Oracle Corp. of Redwood City, California, or the Sybase SQL Server developed by Sybase, Inc. of Emeryville, California, and comprises a collection of programs that maintain and facilitate access to an Information Server Software (ISS) database 18. The database 18 constitutes information (e.g., both data and metadata) regarding resource configurations,
15 transactions and other environment parameters, conditions and functions (e.g., call, agent and truck events, fact records and summaries). A mirror server device 13, in one exemplary configuration, hosts a replicated DBMS 20 that may be implemented using the Oracle Advanced Replication Server, and that maintains and facilitates access to a replicated ISS database 22. The
20 replicated DBMS 20 may be utilized as a standby or redundant system, or to generate historical reports. In an alternative configuration, the information server 14 may reside on the server device 12, and the DBMS 16 may reside on the server device 13 to facilitate off-board performance gains as the

resources of the server device 12 are devoted exclusively to the information server 14.

The server device 12 is coupled by a Local Area Network (LAN) 24 to network devices 26, each of which hosts a software client. Of course, in an
5 alternative embodiment, the LAN 24 may be replaced by any network type, such as for example, a Wide Area Network (WAN) or the Internet. The software clients may include a reporting client 28 and an administrative client 30. The reporting client 28 may be any Open Database connectivity (ODBC) compliant application, and makes queries against the database 18,
10 and formats the results of these queries based on a predefined set of instructions (i.e., a report definition). The reporting client 28 may further include a method of scheduling reports to run at predetermined times. The administrative client 30 may be a Microsoft Foundation Class (MFC) 4.0 application, and could accordingly reside on a Windows 95, Windows NT
15 workstation or Windows NT Server platform. The administrative client 30 facilitates configuration and management of the information server 14 on the server device 12. For example, utilizing a graphical user interface (GUI) provided by the administrative client 30, a system administrator may define data sources, set data destinations, specify rules, formulas and frequencies
20 for data summaries, view server system metadata information, events, and task statuses. The administrative client 30 communicates with server components of the information server 14 through an Application Program Interface (API) that makes use of Remote Procedure Call (RPC) to facilitate

remote management of the information server 14 over the LAN 24 or over a Wide Area Network (WAN) 38.

Also coupled to the LAN 24 (or WAN in an alternative embodiment) are a pair of customer interaction systems in the exemplary forms of

5 Automatic Call Distributors (ACDs) 34 and 36, a workflow server 37, a network router 39, a CTI server 41, an IVR server 43, an e-mail server 45, and a web server 47. Each of the ACDs 34 and 36 may be the Aspect® ACD System manufactured by Aspect Telecommunications Corp. of San Jose, California. Each of the ACDs 34 and 36 is typically coupled to a Public

10 Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) (not shown) via which the respective ACDs may receive transaction requests (e.g., phone calls from telephone units, such as those used in homes or businesses). Each of the ACDs 34 and 36 may also be coupled to the Internet, an Intranet, or any other network over which a transaction may be initiated. Also coupled to each of the ACDs

15 34 and 36 are a number of network devices (not shown) in the form of agent computers or telephone units via which human and/or software agents interact with a respective ACD and with customers.

The WAN 38 couples the LAN 24 to a remote LAN 42 and to a further ACD 34. A network device, and a further pair of ACDs 46 and 48 (or other

20 customer interaction systems), are coupled to the remote LAN 42.

It will be appreciated that, in order to configure all customer interaction systems within the customer interaction environment 10 to handle customer requests and transactions efficiently, it would be

advantageous to provide the system administrator with an enterprise-wide view of interaction activity that is occurring on all customer interaction systems within the environment 10. Similarly, in a single site deployment of multiple customer interaction systems, it is advantageous for the system administrator to have a site-wide view of transaction activity. Specifically, such site-wide or enterprise-wide views of transaction activity provide a system administrator with information required to schedule, compensate, review and allocate agents to as to increase customer satisfaction (e.g., by reducing customer wait time). Further, such site-wide or enterprise-wide views facilitate improved call processing and call routing across the entire site or enterprise, and also provide business and business component information that may be utilized to refine business models practices.

Data Path

Figure 2 is a block diagram showing a data path 50, according to one exemplary embodiment of the present invention, implemented within the customer interaction environment 10. The data path 50 begins with an event feed 52, which may be TCP/IP based. Specifically, an event feed 52 may facilitate the supply of data from a customer interaction system (e.g., an ACD or other server) to the information server 14, concerning customer interaction system activity. The event feed 52 may be implemented by an event feed server (hosted on a customer interaction system) that supplies an event feed client within the information server 14 (hosted on the server

device 12) with, merely for example, transaction detail records, daily summaries, or information regarding agent, call, trunk or configuration events. An event feed server 70 (described below) is responsible for gathering unprocessed transaction data from the various customer
5 interaction subsystems of a customer interaction process system, and for the feeding of this interaction data to an event feed client 68 to implement an exemplary event feed 52. The event feed server 70 may also provide a fault tolerant link, for example utilizing the Remote Procedure Call (RPC) protocol, between the event feed server 70 and event feed client 68, and
10 handles backup and online resynchronization functions.

A data monitor 56 processes both data and configuration messages received from the event feed 52 via a Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) connection 54. Specifically, the data
monitor 56 may transform the unprocessed interaction data received from
15 the event feed 52 into "fact records" (e.g., call fact records, trunk fact records and agent fact records) that are exemplary embodiments of "interaction records". From the data monitor 56, fact records are propagated via data conduits 58 to a data engine 60 that buffers and summarizes the fact records, and performs block writes of records into a database 674 utilizing the Open
20 DataBase Connectivity (ODBC) protocol, as indicated at 62. The use of the ODBC protocol provides portability to other databases.

Figure 3 is a diagrammatic representation showing exemplary customer interaction systems within a customer interaction environment 10

that may provide input to an information server 14. **Figure 3** illustrates, at a conceptual level, how respective event feeds 52, as well as other mechanisms and protocols, contribute to the supply data to the information server 14. For example, respective event feeds 52 are shown to provide interaction data from the ACD 34, the workflow server 37 and the network router 39 to the information server 14. The administrative client 30 is shown to provide input to the information server 14 via an Application Program Interface (API) 32, while the reporting client 28 is shown to propagate ODBC-based queries 31 to the information server 14. Finally, the CTI server 41 is shown to communicate with the ADCs 34 via a customized application bridge.

The Information Server-Overview

Figure 4 is a block diagram illustrating the architecture of an exemplary information server 14 hosted on the server device 12. The information server 13 includes a number of event feed clients 68, each of which receives unprocessed interaction information from an associated event feed server 70 hosted on a respective customer interaction system. In one embodiment, a number of separate event feed server-client pairs are provided to facilitate the provision of unprocessed interaction information to the information server 14 from different types of customer interaction systems that may implement different event reporting protocols. For example, a first event feed server-client pair may be utilized to provide unprocessed interaction information to the information server 14 from a

network router 39, and a third event feed server-client pair may be utilized to provide unprocessed interaction information to the information server 14 from a workflow server 37. Further event feed server-client pairs may be utilized to provide information to the information server 14 from other
5 devices or information resources.

In one exemplary embodiment of the present invention, an event feed server-client pair servicing an ACD 34 collects and buffers information concerning call events, agent events, trunk events and database events.

Database events that may cause an event feed server 70 hosted on an
10 ACD 34 to send a database event message to an associated event feed client 68 include additions, deletions or other updates to a specific table within the ACD 34.

An event feed server-client pair servicing a network router 39, in one exemplary embodiment, manufacture route data records for the relevant
15 network router 39. Each route data record may be assembled utilizing two messages propagated from the event feed server 70 to the event feed client 68. A first message contains information regarding an initial interaction request and a second message contains information regarding how the network router handled the interaction request. The event feed client 68
20 assembles these two messages into a single route data record that is available for storage and summarization. The event feed server 70 of a network router 39 may also send a number of database event messages to an

event feed client 68, the database event messages corresponding substantially to those propagated by the event feed client of an ACD 34.

An event feed server-client pair servicing a workflow server 37, in one exemplary embodiment, may utilize workflow data messages, in addition to time strobes, to communicate information to the information server 14. For purposes of the present specification, the term "workflow" shall be taken to any predetermined sequence of steps that are performed by a customer interaction system in the processing of a transaction. For example, each execution of a workflow by a workflow server may generate a workflow message, containing information regarding the workflow and a specific execution instance.

Each event feed client 68 is associated with a respective data monitor 56, each data monitor 56 propagating fact records to a data engine 60 via a data conduit 58. From the data engine 60, summarized transaction information is written to the database 64 utilizing the ODBC protocol 62. The data conduit 58, as will be described in further detail below, operates to facilitate communication between, in one exemplary embodiment, (1) the data engine 60 and custom applications that may be implemented within the information server 14, and (2) the data monitors 56, each of which may be associated with an external customer interaction system. To this end, the data conduit 58 includes a set of functions that may be exported to custom applications within the information server 14. For example, the functions exported from the data conduit 58 allow an application to allocate and free

shared memory record structures, pass shared memory record structures between applications, define records of interest, and read the form (or catalog) of a memory record structure. Specifically, utilizing the appropriate function, an application may read the number of fields, type and name of each field, and ordinal of each field within a memory record structure (or table).

The information server 14 further includes database maintenance applications 74 that include two primary applications, namely a pruning application 76, and a data threshold monitor 78 that together operate to maintain the data space usage within the database 64 within predefined boundaries, thereby preventing data space overflows. The pruning application 76 is responsible for pruning database tables within the database 64, and is launched by an executive model, that may be triggered by a scheduler instance 80 associated with a schedule event (or schedule entry).

The data threshold monitor 78 provides a system Application Program Interface (API) for implementing and decrementing row counters for tables within the database 64. The data threshold monitor 78 furthermore launches the pruning application 76 when a table within the database 64 exceeds a predetermined threshold number of rows.

A scheduler instance 80 typically schedules "jobs" or application tasks within the information server 14 on hourly, daily, weekly or monthly schedules. To this end, a scheduler instance 80 may include a "job runner" application 82 that, in one exemplary embodiment, is launched by the

Windows NT schedule service, and that coordinates with the executive module 84 to execute each job within the job group associated with a schedule entry. The job runner application 82 furthermore calls a system API from a system API module 86 via the system API Dynamic Link Library (DLL) 88 to schedule the next time at which the job runner application 82 should be launched to process a respective schedule entry.

The executive module 84 exercises control over the various software applications within the information server 14, such as the data monitors 56, the data engine 60 and possibly other custom applications. The executive module 84 is responsible for the start-up and shutdown of the software applications and, to this end, issues START and STOP control messages to the various applications. The executive module 84 also issues ADD and REMOVE conduit service messages to establish and tear down conduits between various applications. A configuration API module 90 is a Remote Procedure Call (RPC)-based set of functions that may be exported to various applications via a configuration API DLL 92. For example, the functions exported from the configuration API module 90 may allow an application to (1) enumerate, create, delete, read or write configuration metadata read from the database 64, and also to (2) start and stop other applications, such as a data monitor 56 and the data engine 60. A system API module 86 similarly is a RPC-based set of functions that may be exported to various applications via the system API DLL 88. For example, the functions exported from the system API module 86 may allow an application to request data feeds from

other applications, and to add, delete and update data source supplied configuration data, such as user, group or application configuration data. Further, exported functions may allow an application to log events in a system event log, and to increment and decrement database threshold
5 counters.

The information server 4 also includes an Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) monitor 94 that monitors UPS messages sent by, for example, a Windows NT® UPS service. The UPS monitor 94 then coordinates with the executive module 84 to shutdown appropriate parts of the information
10 server 14.

Data Engine

Figure 5 is a diagrammatic representation of an exemplary embodiment of the data engine 60 that implements the teachings of the present invention. As illustrated in **Figure 4**, the data engine 60 is
15 operatively associated with the database 64 and the data conduit 58.

The data monitor 56 processes both data and configuration messages received from the event feed 52 via a Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) connection 54. Accordingly, the data
20 monitor 56 may transform the unprocessed interaction data received from the event feed 52 into "interaction records" in the exemplary form of "fact" records (e.g., call fact records, trunk fact records and agent fact records). From the data monitor 56, interaction records are propagated via data

conduits 58 to a data engine 60 that buffers and summarizes select fact records, and performs block writes of the summarized fact records into a database 64 utilizing the Open DataBase Connectivity (ODBC) protocol or other associated protocol.

5 **Figure 5** illustrates an exemplary data engine 60 in operative association with the data conduit 58. The data conduit 58 contains different interaction records 100 relating to the different customer interactions (or transactions) carried out by a variety of customer interaction systems associated with the customer interaction environment 10. Accordingly, the
10 data engine 60 is configured to extract interaction records 100 from the data conduit 58, each interaction record 100 comprising a series of individual data items, based upon a metadata schema or configuration. In one embodiment, the interaction records may be represented as "record handles", which are summarized representations of the interaction records 100, so that the entire
15 interaction record 100 need not be processed by the data conduit 58.

As illustrated in **Figure 5**, an exemplary interaction record may include any one or combination of the following data items:

1. A node identifier that identifies a particular client interaction system to which the relevant interaction record 100 pertains
20 (e.g., an ACD, a web server, or an e-mail server);
2. A Universal Time Coordinated (UTC) date identifier;
3. An UTC time identifier;

4. A local date identifier, indicating local date information for the relevant customer interaction system;
5. A local time identifier, indicating local time information for the relevant customer interaction system;
- 5 6. A call segment type identifier;
7. Queue time, indicating the time that a customer request of a customer interaction was queued within a customer interaction system;
8. Ring time, indicating the ring time between notification of an agent of a customer request and the relevant agents response thereto;
- 10 9. Call time, indicating the total communicative time that a customer may have been expended during a customer interaction;
- 15 10. Talk time, indicating the total time of active interaction and communication between a customer and an agent during a customer interaction;
11. Waiting time, indicating the total time that a customer was required to wait during a customer interaction; and
- 20 12. Wrap up time, indicating the time required to conclude a customer interaction.

Various exemplary and numeric values for each of the above identified data items are also shown.

Figure 5 illustrates an exemplary embodiment of the present invention wherein record handles 102, each of which comprises a pointer or key to a respective interaction record 100, are communicated to the data engine 60 via the data conduit 58. Utilizing the record handles 102, the data engine 60 is able to identify and retrieve the full interaction records 100 from a memory location identified by the relevant record handle 102.

The data engine 60 is shown to include a first thread pool 104, comprising a number of processor threads that operate in parallel to process interaction records 100 received from the data conduit 58. To facilitate processing of the interaction records 100, the thread pool 104 is shown to access metadata objects 106 that provide metadata descriptions and information concerning the processing of the interaction records 100. The metadata objects 106 are furthermore shown to include row key objects 108, row objects 110 and column objects 112, the purpose and function of each of which will be described in further detail below. The metadata objects 106 are user configurable and allow a user (e.g., a customer interaction system manager) to specify the manner in which customer interaction information, embodied within interaction records 100, is accumulated and summarized by the thread pool 104.

The thread pool 104 is responsible for the accumulating and summarizing of interaction information, embodied within the interaction records 100, for specific customer interaction systems (e.g., an ACD, web server, e-mail server, IVR server, or CTI server) over a predetermined time

period or "window" (e.g., one-minute to one-hour). To this end, the thread pool 104 is shown to construct, in memory of a computer system, a result set 120 for specified customer interaction systems over specified time periods. The thread pool 104 is shown to accordingly produce in memory a collection
5 122 of result sets 120, each for a predetermined time period for each custom interaction system within a monitored environment 10.

Turning now specifically to each result set 120, each result set 120 is constructed by a thread within the thread pool 104 utilizing the metadata objects 106, and specifically the row key, row and column objects 108, 110
10 and 112. A result set 120 may be viewed as a "matrix" of summarized or cumulative information for a customer interaction system over a predetermined time period (e.g., time period A). The result set 120 is populated by a number of rows 124, each row 124 comprising a cumulative record of information regarding a predetermined characteristic of a
15 customer interaction system. For example, one row may comprise accumulated and summarized information regarding calls over a particular call segment, whereas another row 124 may accumulate and summarize information regarding the talk time for a particular agent, or group of agents, serviced by a particular ACD. The a content of each row 124, or
20 cumulative record 124, is constructed by the thread pool 104 utilizing a combination of the row key, row and column objects 108, 110 and 112. In summary, the row key and row objects 108 and 110 specify a key object 126 that is utilized to identify an interaction record 100 that is applicable to a

relevant cumulative record 124, a data object 128 that is associated with a key object 126 and utilized to identify an appropriate row object 124, and a row object 110 that specifies a memory offset to which the data item, identified by the data object 128, is to be applied. In identifying a memory
5 offset, the row object 110 identifies a column object 112 that in turn specifies a data operation to be performed with respect to the cumulative record 124 identified by the data object 128.

The data engine 60 is also shown to include a second thread pool 130 that is responsible for writing result sets 120, as constructed in memory by
10 the thread pool 104, to the database 64 to thereby stored a set of cumulative (or summarization) records within the database 64. This end, the data engine 60 is also shown to implement a queue 132 of result sets 120, that is fed by the thread pool 104 and emptied by the thread pool 130.

Further details will now be provided regarding the metadata objects
15 106, specifically the row key, row and column objects 108, 110 and 112.

Figure 6 is a flowchart illustrating a method 140, according to exemplary embodiment of the present invention, that is implemented utilizing a row key object 108 associated with each row, or cumulative record 124, within a result set 120. The method 140 begins at step 142 with a determination by a
20 thread of the thread pool 104 as to whether an interaction record 100 received at the thread pool 104 is to be processed for a specific row key object 108 within an extant result set for a particular client interaction system. This determination is made for each row key object 108. Further

details regarding this determination are described are with reference to **Figure 10**. A further determination is then made at decision box 144 as to whether an external key is to be utilizing to identifying the data object 128 that points to the appropriate row object 110, which in turn provides the memory offset associated with a particular column objects 112. Following a determination at decision box 144 that an external key is not to be utilized, the method 140 proceeds to step 146, where a metadata key (i.e., key to reference the key objects 126) is generated and utilized to determine an offset position within a cumulative record 124. On other hand, should it be determined at decision box 144 that an external key is to be used, an external key Dynamic Link Library (DLL) is accessed at step 148 to provide the proper offset within the appropriate cumulative record 124.

Figure 7 is a diagrammatic representation of a column object 112, according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. The column object 112 is shown to include column metadata 160 that describes the "columns" constituted by entries within various cumulative records 124 of a result set 120. Specifically, the column metadata 160 specifies a data offset, within each of the cumulative records 124, at which an entry that forms part of a column (to which the column object 112 applies) is located. The column metadata 160 furthermore specifies a variable type (e.g., integer, alphanumeric, string) for data contained in entries comprising the relevant column. The column objects 112 further include a data operator 162 that specifies a particular data operation to be performed to modify, or update,

the entry of each cumulative record 124 within the relevant column upon the receipt by the data engine 60 of an interaction record 100 that contributes to the relevant cumulative record 124. For example, the data operation specified by a data operator 162 could comprise any one of the following:

5

1. A "sum" operation whereby the relevant entry of the cumulative record 124 is updated by adding an information item contained within a received interaction record 100 to the stored contents of the relevant entry;

10

2. A "count if greater than" operation whereby the relevant entry of a cumulative record 124 is updated by incrementing a count maintained within the entry if an information item contained within the received interaction record 100 includes a value greater than a predetermined threshold value;

15

3. A "count if less than" operation whereby the relevant entry of a cumulative record 124 is updated by incrementing a count maintained within the entry if an information item contained within the received interaction record 100 includes a value less than a predetermined threshold value;

20

4. A "count if equal to" operation whereby the relevant entry of a cumulative record 124 is updated by incrementing a count maintained within the entry if an information item contained within the received interaction record 100 includes a value equal to a predetermined value;

5. A "count if not equal to" operation whereby the relevant entry of a cumulative record 124 is updated by incrementing a count maintained within the entry if an information item contained within the received interaction record 100 includes a value not equal to a predetermined value;

6. A "replace if maximum" operation whereby the relevant entry of a cumulative record 124 is updated by replacing the stored content of the entry of the cumulative record 124 with an information item contained within the received interaction record 100 if the information item has a value greater than the stored content;

7. A "replace if minimum" operation whereby the relevant entry of a cumulative record 124 is updated by replacing the stored content of the entry of the cumulative record 124 with an information item contained within the received interaction record 100 if the information item has a value less than the stored content; and

8. A "copy" operation, whereby the relevant entry of the cumulative record 124 is updated by simply replacing the stored content thereof with an information item contained within the received interaction record 100.

It will be appreciated that any operation and qualifier combination could be used to specify the data operation dictated by a data operator 162, and the above provided examples of "count if" and "replace if" operations are merely exemplary. The column object 112 is shown to be applicable to a column of data elements 125, each of the data elements, or entries, within the column 25 belonging to a discrete cumulative record 124.

Figure 8 is a flowchart illustrating a method 180, according to exemplary embodiment of the present invention, of processing a customer interaction record within a customer interaction environment 10. In an exemplary embodiment, the data engine 60 performs the method 180. However, it will be appreciated that the method 180 could similarly be performed by any appropriate process, and the data engine 60 is merely an example of one such process.

The method 180 commences at step 182 with the receipt of an interaction record 100 at the data engine 60 from a data conduit 58 that services a particular customer interaction system (e.g., an ACD). The interaction record 100 is communicated to the thread pool 104, where a determination is made at decision box 184 as to whether the data engine 60

is filtering data (i.e., whether the data engine 60 is only examining, accumulating and summarizing interaction record 100 that meet predefined filtering criteria). An interaction system manager may specify that, merely for example, interaction records 100 emanating from a particular source are not to be summarized. If it is determined at decision box 184 that the data engine 60 is filtering data, the method 180 proceeds to decision box 1186, where a further determination is made as to whether the interaction record 100 under consideration is to be processed. To this end, the received interaction record 100 may be compared against various filtering criteria and may be rejected at step 188. For example, should the interaction record 100 pertain to a blocked source, the method 180 will proceed to step 188, where the record will be rejected.

On the other hand, should it be determined that the data engine 60 is not filtering data at decision box 184, or that the interaction record 100 is to be processed at step 16, the method 180 proceeds to step 190, where the collection 122 of result sets 120 to which the interaction record 100 contributes is identified. This may involve identifying the source customer interaction system (or "node") to which the interaction record 100 applies. This determination is made utilizing, merely for example, the node identifier that is described as being included within each interaction record 100. Having identified the collection 122 of result sets 1202 to the interaction record 100 applies, the method 180 proceeds to step 192, and calculates a time period to which the relevant interaction record 100 belongs and

accordingly to identify a result set 120 to which the interaction record 100 contributes. This determination may, in an exemplary embodiment, be performed utilizing the local time and data identifiers that are described above as being included within an exemplary interaction record 100.

5 At step 194, the interaction record 100 is processed in a manner that is more fully described below with reference to **Figure 10**, so as to modify one or more cumulative records 124 within the identified result set 120 with information contained in the relevant interaction record 100. At step 196, a determination is made as to whether the time period for which the relevant
10 result set 120 accumulates and summarizes interaction information has completed. If not, the method 180 then loops back to step 182, and the data engine 60 proceeds to retrieve a further interaction record 100 from the data conduit 58. On the other hand, should the time period for the relevant result set 120 have expired, the thread pool 104, at step 198, writes the relevant
15 result set 120 to the queue 132 of result sets 120. The thread pool 130 then reads result sets 120 from queue 132, and writes these result sets 120 to the database 64.

Figure 9 is a flowchart illustrating an exemplary implementation 200 of the method 180 described with reference to **Figure 8**. As can be seen from
20 this exemplary implementation, the calculation of the time period for the interaction record 100 at step 192 may involve combining the date and time identifier into a unique hash at step 192.

Figure 10 is a flowchart illustrating a method 194, according to exemplary embodiment of the present invention and corresponding to the step 194 illustrated in Figure 8, of modifying a cumulative record 124 to reflect interaction information embodied within an interaction record 100.

- 5 The method 194 is performed by individual threads of the thread pool 104, and is performed utilizing the metadata objects 106. Accordingly, each thread, when utilizing the metadata object 106 may be viewed as comprising two processes, namely a first process that is involved with the receipt and identification of an appropriate entry within a cumulative record 124 to
- 10 which information embodied in the interaction record 100 contributes, and a second process that is involved with the actual updating or modification of the relevant entry within the cumulative record to reflect the information contained within the interaction record 100. The first process is performed by, or is embodied within, the row key and row objects 108 and 110, while
- 15 the second process is performed by, or embodied within, the column objects 112.

- The steps of the method 194 will be described with reference to both Figures 10 and 11. The method 194 commences at step 210 with the construction of a key object for the received interaction record 100. This key
- 20 object (not shown) may be constructed utilizing any combination or derivative of the information embodied within the interaction record 100. Referring to Figure 11, it is shown that a call segment type identifier 230 and a business application identifier 232 are combined to construct a key object

from the data of the interaction record 100. The information that is utilized to construct the key object is specified by the metadata objects 106 that are accessed by the relevant thread of the thread pool 104 that performs the method 194. At step 212, a key/row lookup object 234 utilizes the key object
5 constructed at step 210 to locate a row key object 108 corresponding to be constructed key object. Accordingly, the collection of row key objects 108 for a particular result set 120 may be viewed as an index that is searched by the key/row lookup object 234 to determine whether a cumulative record 124 (i.e., a row) exists within the relevant result set 120 to which the relevant
10 interaction record 100 contributes.

At decision box 214, a determination is made as to whether a cumulative record 124 (i.e., a row) exists within the relevant result set 120 for the constructed key object. If not, at step 216, a row object 110 is automatically created, and the row object 110 and the constructed key object
15 are then incorporated within the metadata objects 106. In this way, an appropriate row, and accordingly a new cumulative record 124, is created for the constructed key object, with the key object assuming the role of a key object 126 that forms part of a row key object 108.

Alternatively, should it be determined at decision box 214 that a
20 cumulative record 124 already exists for the created key object, the method 194 proceeds to step 218, where the existing cumulative record 124 is modified, or updated, with the appropriate information contained within the interaction record 100. Specifically, at step 220, the appropriate entry

within the cumulative record 124 is updated with information included in the interaction record 100 utilizing the column objects 112 of the metadata objects 106. As described above, once the constructed key object is mapped to a key object 126, that forms part of the row key objects 108, a data object 128 provides a pointer to an appropriate row object 110, that turn provides a pointer to offset within the cumulative record 124 at which the entry to be updated is located. The offset similarly identifies a column within which the entry to the updated is located, and accordingly a column object 112 that includes a data operator 162 and metadata 160 specifying a data offset within the interaction record 100 at which the data required by the data operator 162 is located. The data operator 162 then updates the appropriate entry (or "data elements") of the cumulative record 124, as specified by the data operator 162 utilizing the data identified by the metadata 160. This is indicated in Figure 11, with the metadata 160 pointing to "waiting time" information within the interaction record 100, and the data operator 162 performing a "copy" operation utilizing this information as identified by the metadata 160.

At decision box 224, the thread of the thread pool 104 makes a determination whether any further columns (i.e., entries) of the cumulative record 124 are updated utilizing information contained in the interaction record 100. To this end, a row object 110 referenced to by the data object 128 of a row key object 108 may point to multiple offsets within a particular cumulative record 124, in which case the entries within the cumulative

record 124 identified by each of these offsets must be modified, or updated, in the manner described above. Following a positive determination at decision box 224, the method 194 proceeds to step 228, whereafter the step 220 is again performed with respect to the further column. Alternatively, should it be determined at decision box 224 that no further columns or entries require processing or updating utilizing the interaction record 100, the method 194 terminates at step 226.

Computer System

Figure 12 is a block diagram illustrating a machine, in the exemplary form of a computer system 400, within which a set of instructions for causing the computer system 400 to perform any one of the methodologies discussed above may be executed. The computer system 400 includes a processor 402, a main memory 404, and a static memory 406, which communicate with each other via a bus 408. The computer system 400 further includes a video display unit 410 (e.g., a liquid crystal display (LCD) or a cathode ray tube (CTR)). The computer system 400 further includes an alphanumeric input device 412 (e.g., a keyboard), a cursor control device 414 (e.g., a mouse), a disk drive unit 416, a signal generation device 418 (e.g., a speaker) and a network interface device 420.

The disk drive unit 416 includes a machine-readable medium 422 on which is stored a set of instructions (i.e., software 424) embodying any one, or all, of the methodologies described above. The software 424 is also shown to reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory 404

and/or within the processor 402. The software 424 may furthermore be transmitted or received via the network interface device 420. For the purposes of the present specification, the term "machine-readable medium" shall be taken to include any medium that is capable of storing and encoding
5 a sequence of instructions for execution by the machine, and that causes the machine to perform any one of the methodologies of the present invention. The term "machine-readable medium" shall accordingly be taken to include, but not limited to, solid-state memories, optical and magnetic disks, and carrier wave signals.

10 Thus, a method and apparatus for accumulating and summarizing data for defined time intervals within a customer interaction system been described. Although the present invention has been described with reference to specific exemplary embodiments, it will be evident that various modifications and changes may be made to these embodiments without
15 departing from the broader spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method of processing customer interaction records within a
2 customer interaction system including:
3
4 receiving an interaction record including interaction information
5 describing a customer interaction;
6
7 identifying a cumulative record to which the interaction record
8 contributes; and
9
10 modifying the cumulative record to reflect the interaction information
11 contained within the interaction record.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the identification of the
2 cumulative record is made utilizing time information included within the
3 interaction information of the interaction record.
- 1 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the identification of the
2 cumulative record is made utilizing data type information included within
3 the interaction information of the interaction record.

1 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the identification of the
2 cumulative record is made utilizing source information identifying a
3 customer interaction system on which the customer interaction described by
4 the interaction information occurred.

1 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the identification of the
2 cumulative record includes constructing a key, utilizing the interaction
3 information, that is mapped to the cumulative record.

1 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the cumulative record is
2 identified from among a plurality of cumulative records, each of the
3 plurality of cumulative records comprising a row of a result set that includes
4 a plurality of columns, each column specify a data operation that determines
5 how a cumulative record including an entry corresponding to the relevant
6 column is modified to reflect interaction information contained within an
7 interaction record.

1 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the interaction information
2 included within the interaction record comprises a plurality of information
3 items, and the modification of the cumulative record comprises performing
4 a data operation with respect a processed information items included within
5 the cumulative record corresponding to at least one information item
6 included within the interaction record.

1 8. The method of claim 7 wherein the cumulative record
2 comprises a plurality of processed information items, each of the processed
3 information items being assigned to a respective column within a result set
4 constituting a plurality of cumulative records, each of the respective
5 columns of the result set having a respective data operation associated
6 therewith.

1 9. The method of claim 8 wherein a data operation associated
2 with a respective column comprises any one of a group of operations
3 including a sum operation, a "count if" operation, a copy operation, and a
4 "replace if" operation.

1 10. The method of claim 1 wherein the cumulative record contains
2 interaction information derived from a plurality of interaction records for a
3 predetermined time period.

1 11. The method of claim 10 wherein the cumulative record is
2 stored within a database as part of a summarization record of customer
3 interactions over the predetermined time, the summarization record
4 comprising a plurality of cumulative records.

1 12. The method of claim 1 wherein the interaction information
2 includes any one of a group of information items comprising source, data,
3 time, call segment, response time, wait time, queue time, hold time and talk
4 time.

1 13. The method of claim 1 wherein the customer interaction
2 system comprises any one of a group of systems including an automatic call
3 distributor, an e-mail server, a web server, a computer telephony integration
4 server and an interactive voice response server.

1 14. A process for processing customer interaction records within a
2 customer interaction system, of the process including:

3
4 a first process to receive a first record including interaction
5 information describing a customer interaction and to identifying a
6 cumulative record to which the first record contributes; and

7
8 a second process to modifying the cumulative record to reflect the
9 interaction information contained within the first record.

1 15. The process of claim 14 wherein the first process identifies the
2 cumulative record utilizing time information included within the interaction
3 information of the interaction record.

1 16. The process of claim 14 wherein the first process identifies the
2 cumulative record utilizing data type information included within the
3 interaction information of the interaction record.

1 17. The process of the claim 14 wherein the first process identifies
2 the cumulative record utilizing source information identifying a customer
3 interaction system on which the customer interaction described by the
4 interaction information occurred.

1 18. The process of claim 14 wherein the first process constructing a
2 key, utilizing the interaction information, that is mapped to the cumulative
3 record to identifying the cumulative record.

1 19. The process of claim 14 wherein the first process identifies the
2 cumulative record from among a plurality of cumulative records, each of the
3 plurality of cumulative records constituting a row of a result set that
4 includes a plurality of columns, each column specify a data operation that
5 determines how a cumulative record including an entry corresponding to
6 the relevant column is modified to reflect the interaction information
7 contained within the interaction record.

1 20. The process of claim 14 wherein the interaction information

2 included within the interaction record comprises a plurality of information
3 items, and the second process modifies the cumulative record by performing
4 a data operation with respect a processed information items included within
5 the cumulative record corresponding to at least one information item
6 included within the interaction record.

1 21. The process of claim 20 wherein the cumulative record
2 comprises a plurality of processed information items, each of the processed
3 information items being assigned to a respective column within a result set
4 constituting a plurality of cumulative records, each of the respective
5 columns of the result set having a respective data operation associated
6 therewith that constitutes part of the second process.

1 22. The process of claim 20 wherein a data operation associated
2 with a respective column comprises any one of a group of the operations
3 including a sum operation, a "count if" operation, a copy operation, and a
4 "replace if" operation.

1 23. The process of claim 14 wherein the cumulative record
2 contains interaction information derived from a plurality of records for a
3 predetermined time period.

1 24. The process of claim 23 including a third process that stores the

2 cumulative record within a database as part of a summarization record of
3 customer interactions over the predetermined time, the summarization
4 record comprising a plurality of cumulative records.

1 25. The process of claim 14 wherein the interaction information
2 includes any one of a group of information items comprising source, data,
3 time, call segment, response time, wait time, queue time, hold time and talk
4 time.

1 26. The process of claim 14 wherein the customer interaction
2 system comprises any one of a group of systems including an automatic call
3 distributor, an e-mail server, a web server, a computer telephony integration
4 server and an interactive voice response server.

1 27. A machine-readable medium that stores a sequence of
2 instructions that, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to
3 perform a method of processing customer interaction records within a
4 customer interaction system, the method including the steps of:

5
6 receiving a record including interaction information describing a
7 customer interaction;

8
9 identifying a cumulative record to which the first record contributes;

1 12. The method of claim 1 wherein the interaction information
2 includes any one of a group of information items comprising source, data,
3 time, call segment, response time, wait time, queue time, hold time and talk
4 time.

1 13. The method of claim 1 wherein the customer interaction
2 system comprises any one of a group of systems including an automatic call
3 distributor, an e-mail server, a web server, a computer telephony integration
4 server and an interactive voice response server.

1 14. The method of claim 1 wherein the customer interaction
2 system comprises any one of a group of systems including an automatic call
3 distributor, an e-mail server, a web server, a computer telephony integration
4 server and an interactive voice response server.

1 15. The process of claim 14 wherein the first process identifies the
2 cumulative record utilizing time information included within the interaction
3 information of the interaction record.

1 16. The process of claim 14 wherein the first process identifies the
2 cumulative record utilizing data type information included within the
3 interaction information of the interaction record.

1 17. The process of the claim 14 wherein the first process identifies
2 the cumulative record utilizing source information identifying a customer
3 interaction system on which the customer interaction described by the
4 interaction information occurred.

1 18. The process of claim 14 wherein the first process constructing a
2 key, utilizing the interaction information, that is mapped to the cumulative
3 record to identifying the cumulative record.

1 19. The process of claim 14 wherein the first process identifies the
2 cumulative record from among a plurality of cumulative records, each of the
3 plurality of cumulative records constituting a row of a result set that
4 includes a plurality of columns, each column specify a data operation that
5 determines how a cumulative record including an entry corresponding to
6 the relevant column is modified to reflect the interaction information
7 contained within the interaction record.

1 20. The process of claim 14 wherein the interaction information
2 included within the interaction record comprises a plurality of information
3 items, and the second process modifies the cumulative record by performing
4 a data operation with respect a processed information items included within
5 the cumulative record corresponding to at least one information item
6 included within the interaction record.

1 21. The process of claim 20 wherein the cumulative record
2 comprises a plurality of processed information items, each of the processed
3 information items being assigned to a respective column within a result set
4 constituting a plurality of cumulative records, each of the respective
5 columns of the result set having a respective data operation associated
6 therewith that constitutes part of the second process.

1 22. The process of claim 20 wherein a data operation associated
2 with a respective column comprises any one of a group of the operations
3 including a sum operation, a "count if" operation, a copy operation, and a
4 "replace if" operation.

1 23. The process of claim 14 wherein the cumulative record
2 contains interaction information derived from a plurality of records for a
3 predetermined time period.

1 24. The process of claim 23 including a third process that stores the
2 cumulative record within a database as part of a summarization record of
3 customer interactions over the predetermined time, the summarization
4 record comprising a plurality of cumulative records.

1 25. The process of claim 14 wherein the interaction information

2 includes any one of a group of information items comprising source, data,
3 time, call segment, response time, wait time, queue time, hold time and talk
4 time.

1 26. The process of claim 14 wherein the customer interaction
2 system comprises any one of a group of systems including an automatic call
3 distributor, an e-mail server, a web server, a computer telephony integration
4 server and an interactive voice response server.

1 27. A machine-readable medium that stores a sequence of
2 instructions that, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to
3 perform a method of processing customer interaction records within a
4 customer interaction system, the method including the steps of:
5
6 receiving a record including interaction information describing a
7 customer interaction;
8
9 identifying a cumulative record to which the first record contributes;
10 and
11
12 modifying the cumulative record to reflect the interaction information
13 contained within the first record.

10 and
11
12 modifying the cumulative record to reflect the interaction information
13 contained within the first record.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A method of accumulating and summarizing a number of customer interaction records pertaining to a specific customer records system (e.g., an ACD) over a predetermined time period commences with the receipt of
5 interaction record including interaction information describing customer interaction. For example, the interaction information could indicate the hold time for a particular call received at the ACD. A cumulative record to which the interaction record contributes is then identified, and the cumulative record is then automatically updated to reflect predetermined interaction
10 information contained within the interaction record. For example, a cumulative log of hold times for the particular ACD over a predetermined time interval may be updated with hold time information included within the interaction record.

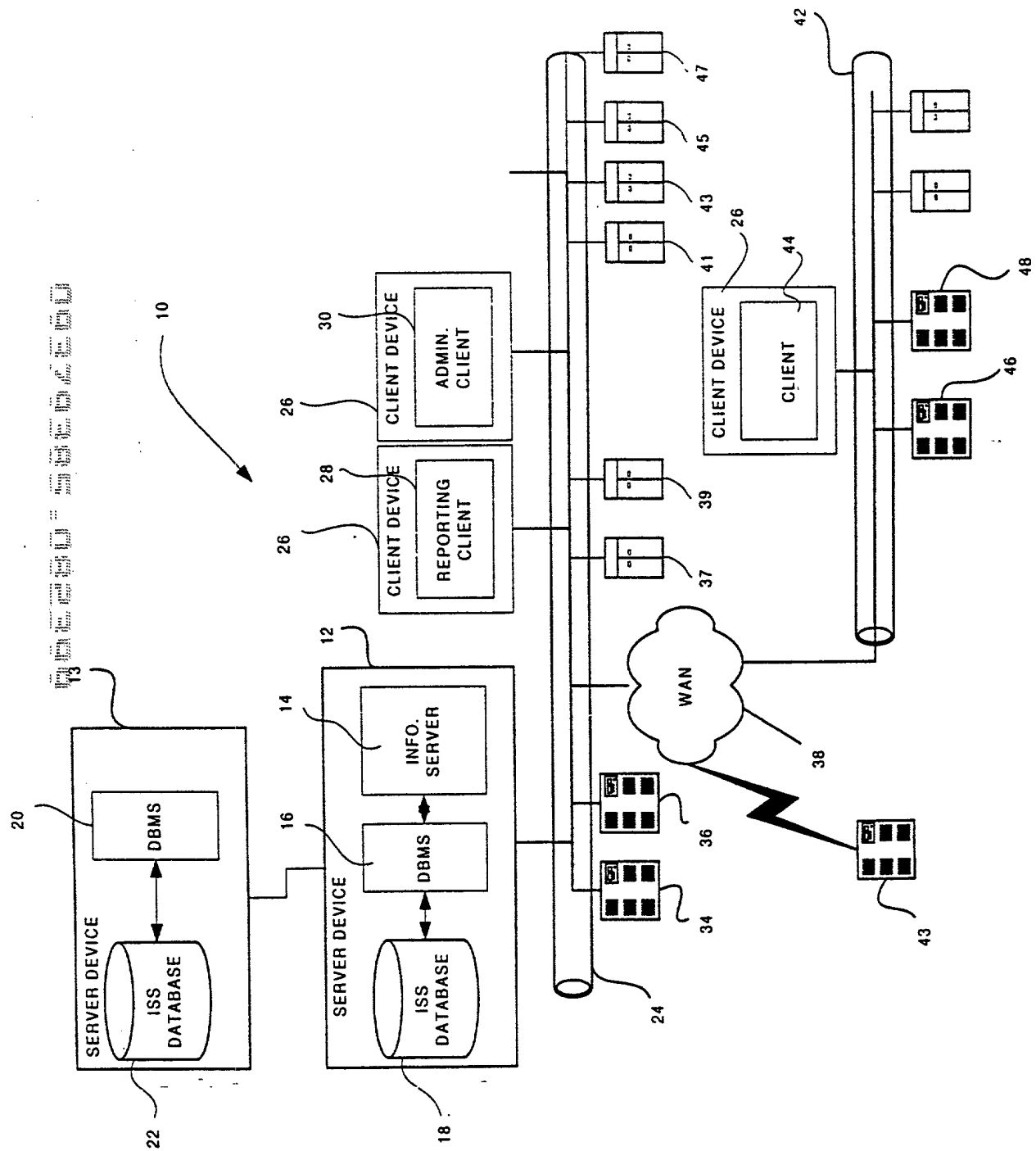


FIGURE 1

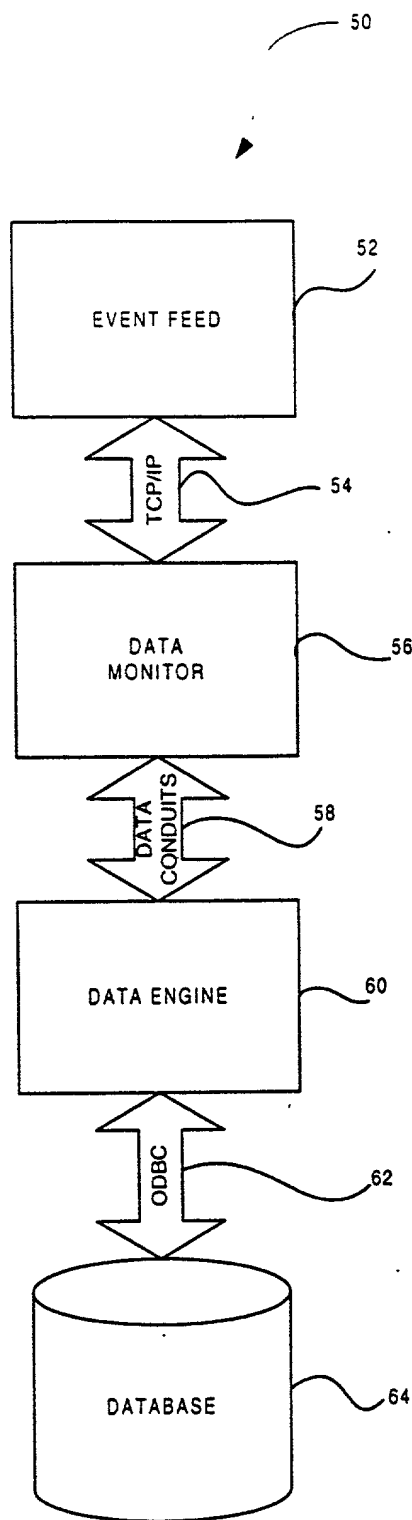
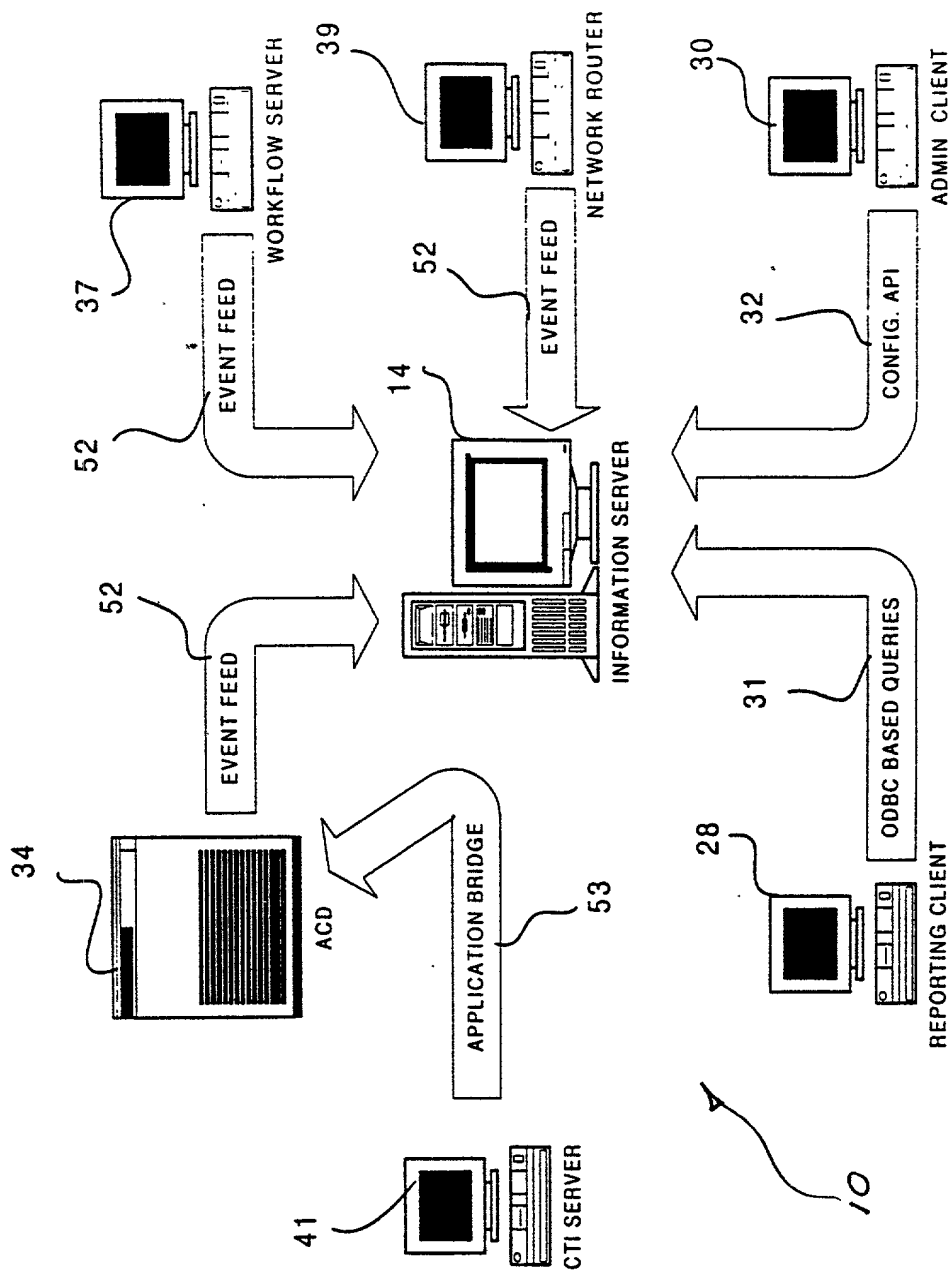


FIGURE 2



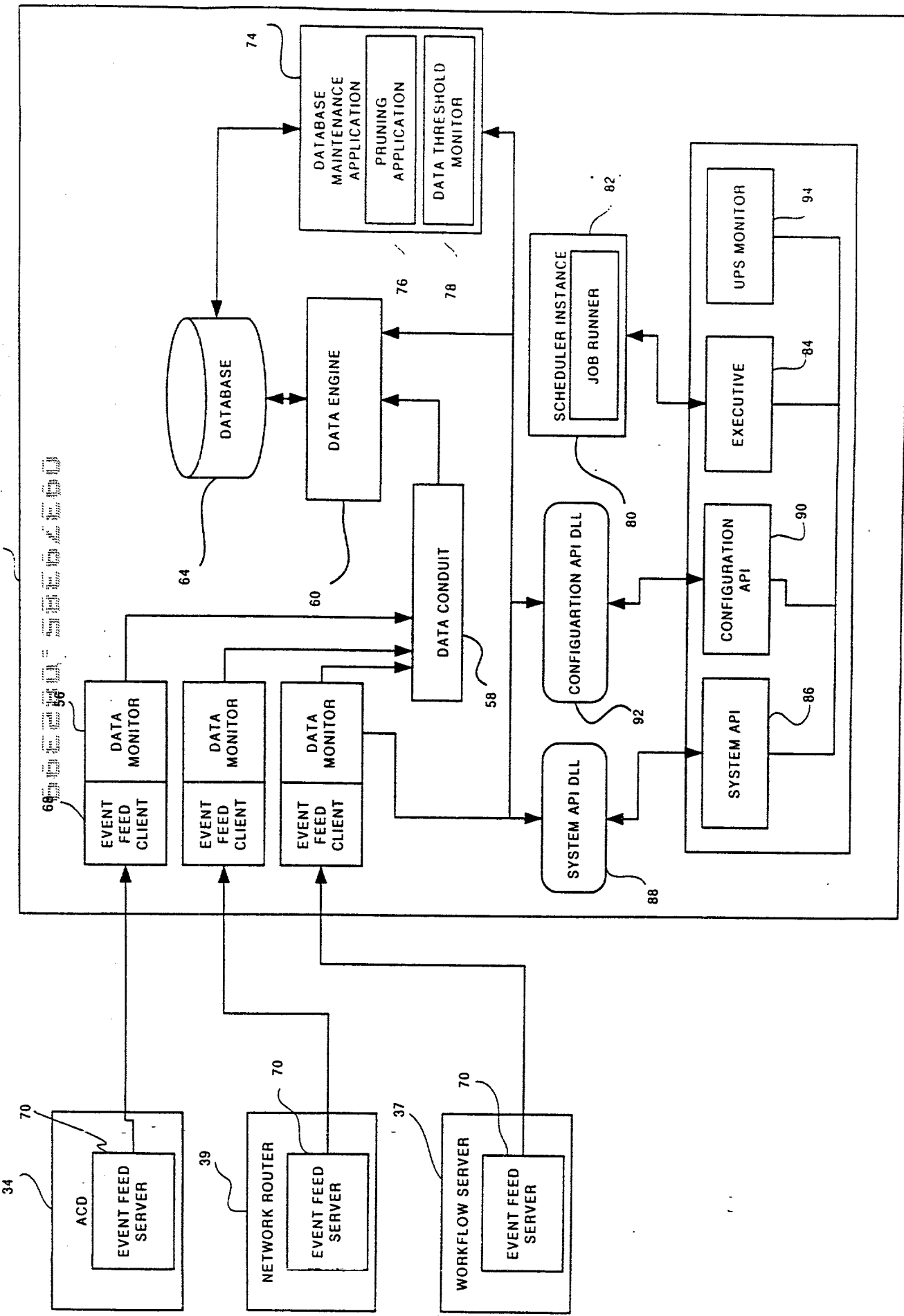


FIGURE 4

Record in Data
Conduits

Node ID	UTC Date ID	UTC Time ID	Local Date ID	Local Time ID	Call Segment Type ID
Queue Time	Ring Time	Hold Time	Talk Time	Waiting Time	Wrapup Time
1	10753	10539	10752	170539	145
132	12	183	357	240	695

~100

Data Conduit API

Thread Object 1

58

102

Record Handle 4
Record Handle 3
Record Handle 2

130

Thread Pool 2
(N processor
threads)

META-DATA
OBJECTS

ROW KEY

ROW

COLUMN

Thread Pool 1
(N processor threads)

120

120

120

Data 3

Data 2

Data 1

Node 1

Node 4

122

122

132

104

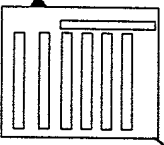


ODBC Compliant
Database

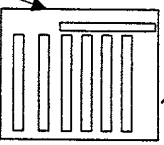
Time Period A

Column Objects

112



Time Period B



Time Period C

~120

120

~120

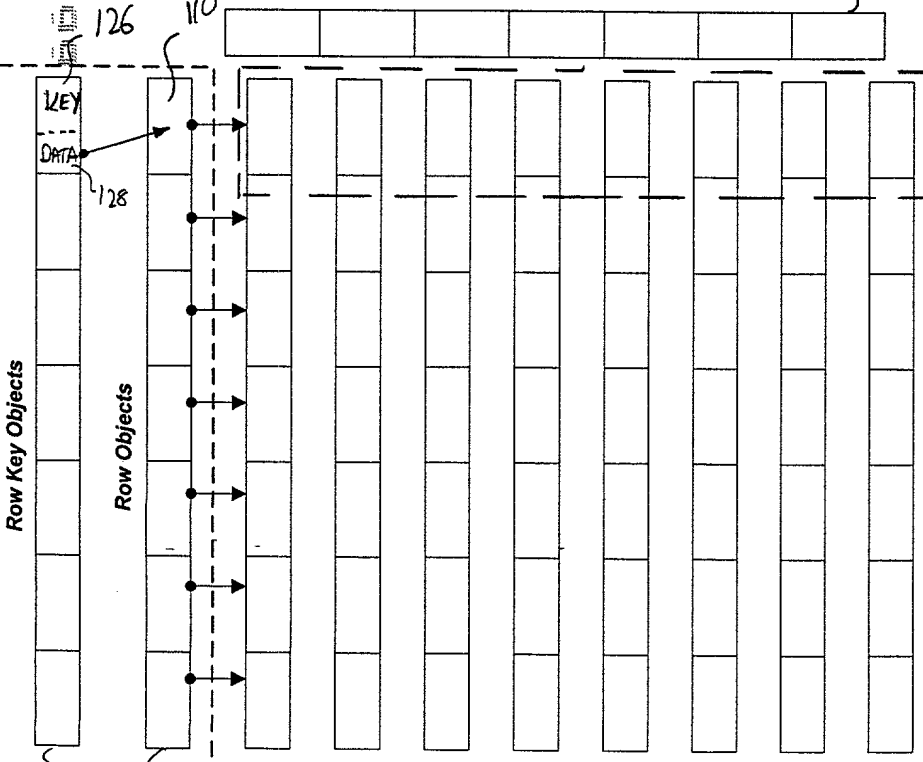
FIG. 5

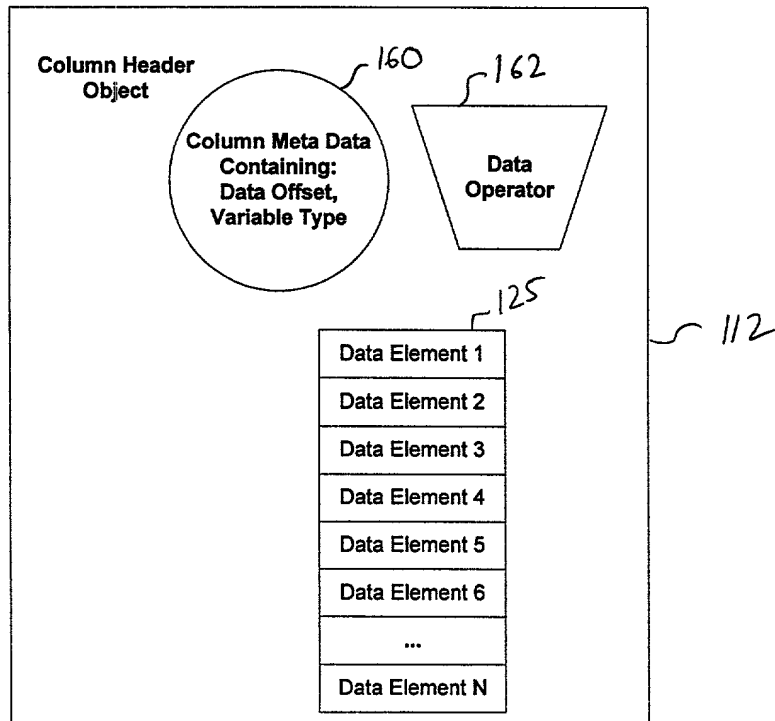
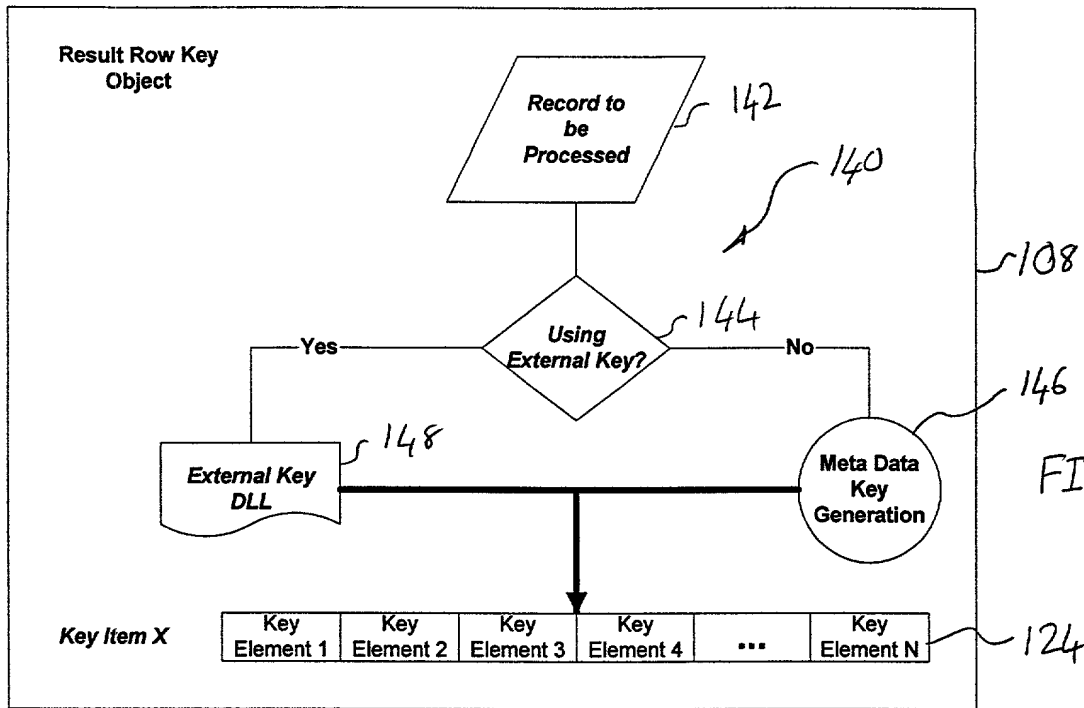
Row Key Objects

Row Objects

108

110



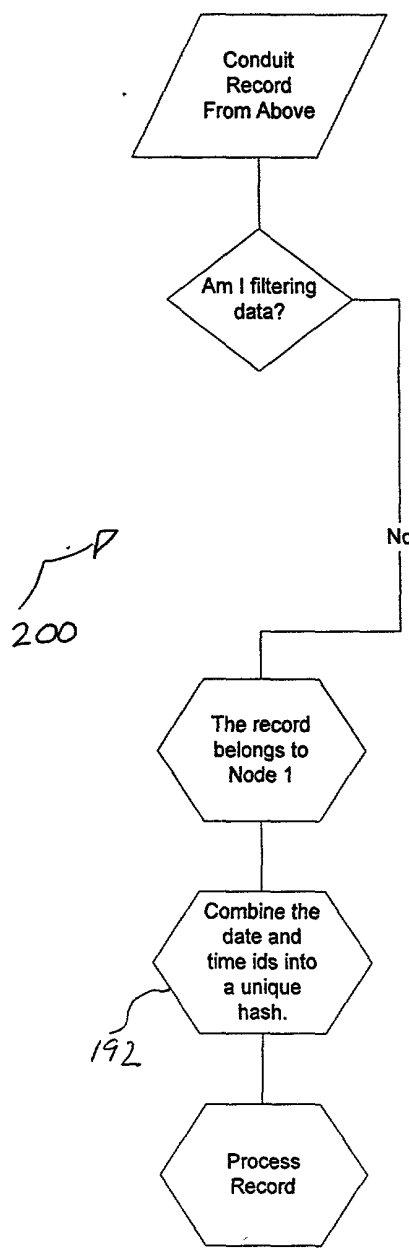
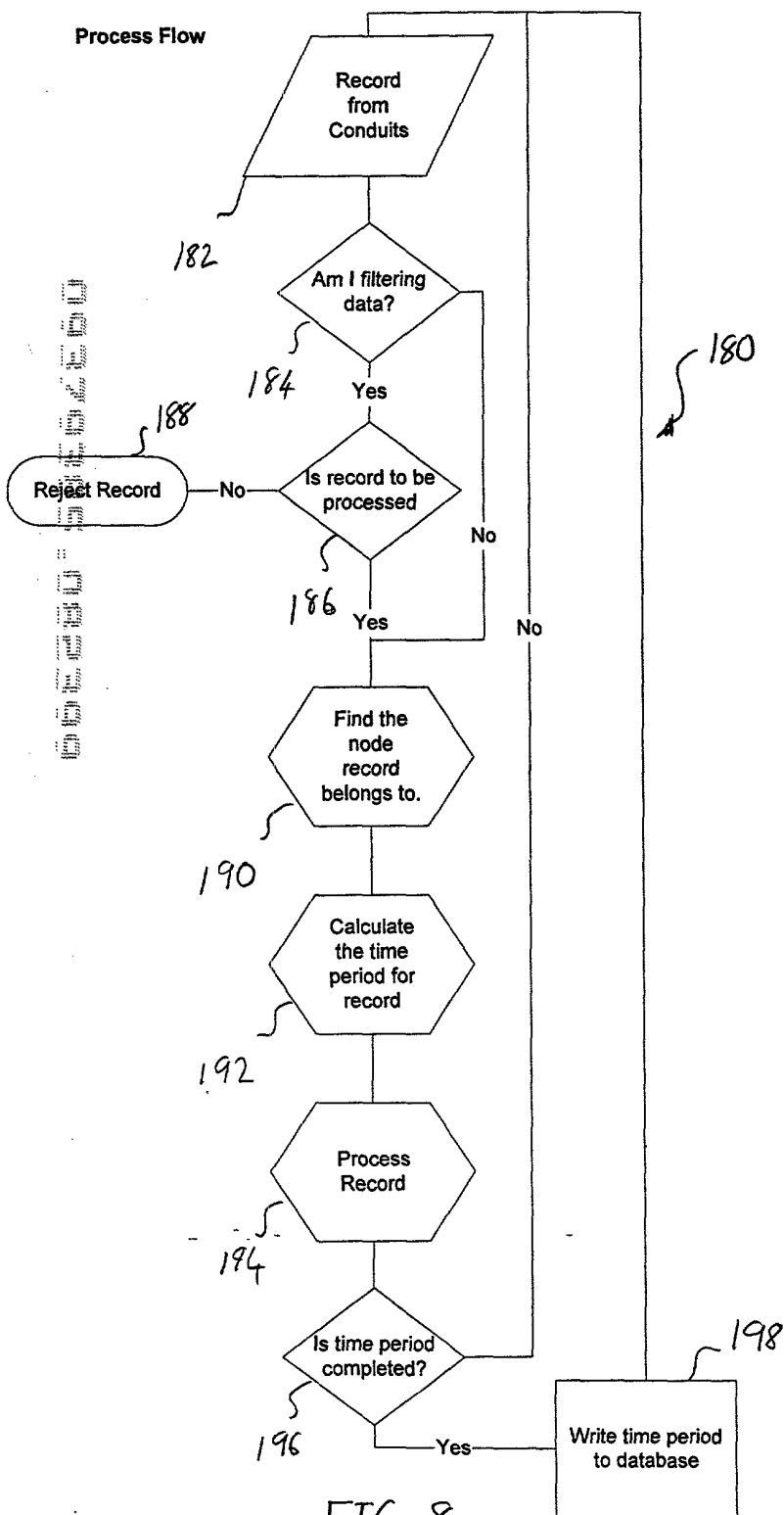


Record in Data
Conduits

Node ID	UTC Date ID	UTC Time ID	Local Date ID	Local Time ID	Call Segment Type ID
Queue Time	Ring Time	Hold Time	Talk Time	Waiting Time	Wrapup Time
1	10753	10539	10752	170539	145
132	12	183	357	240	695

100

Process Flow



Processing a Record

Example of processing a record for one column

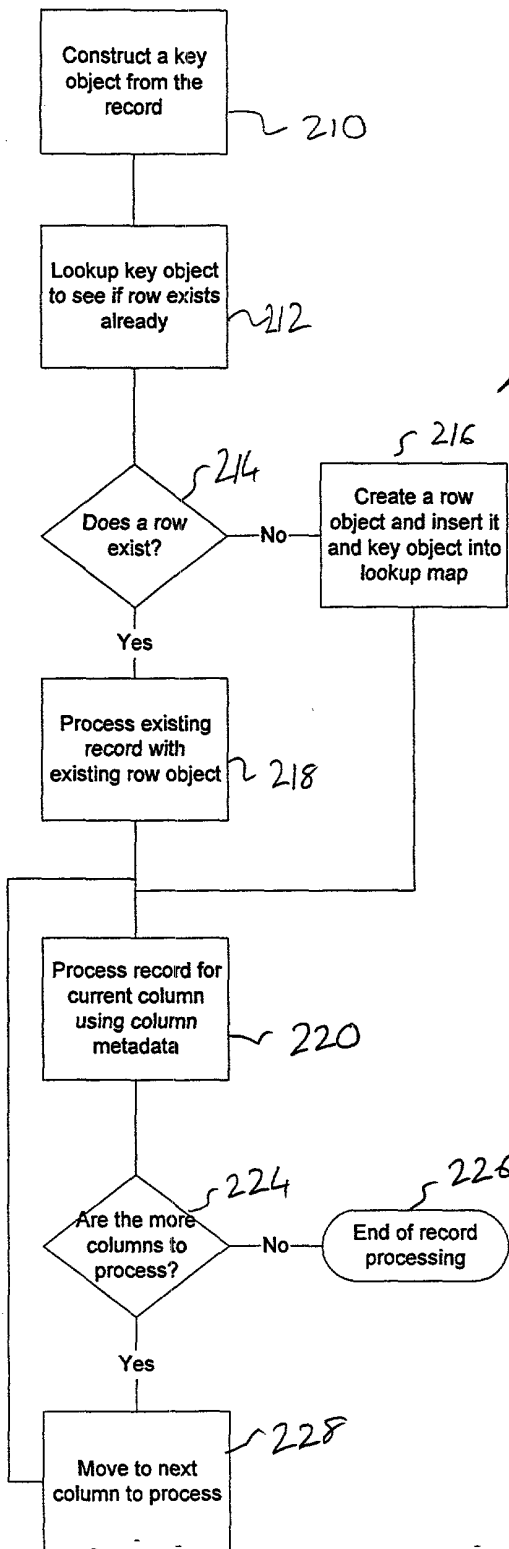


FIG. 10

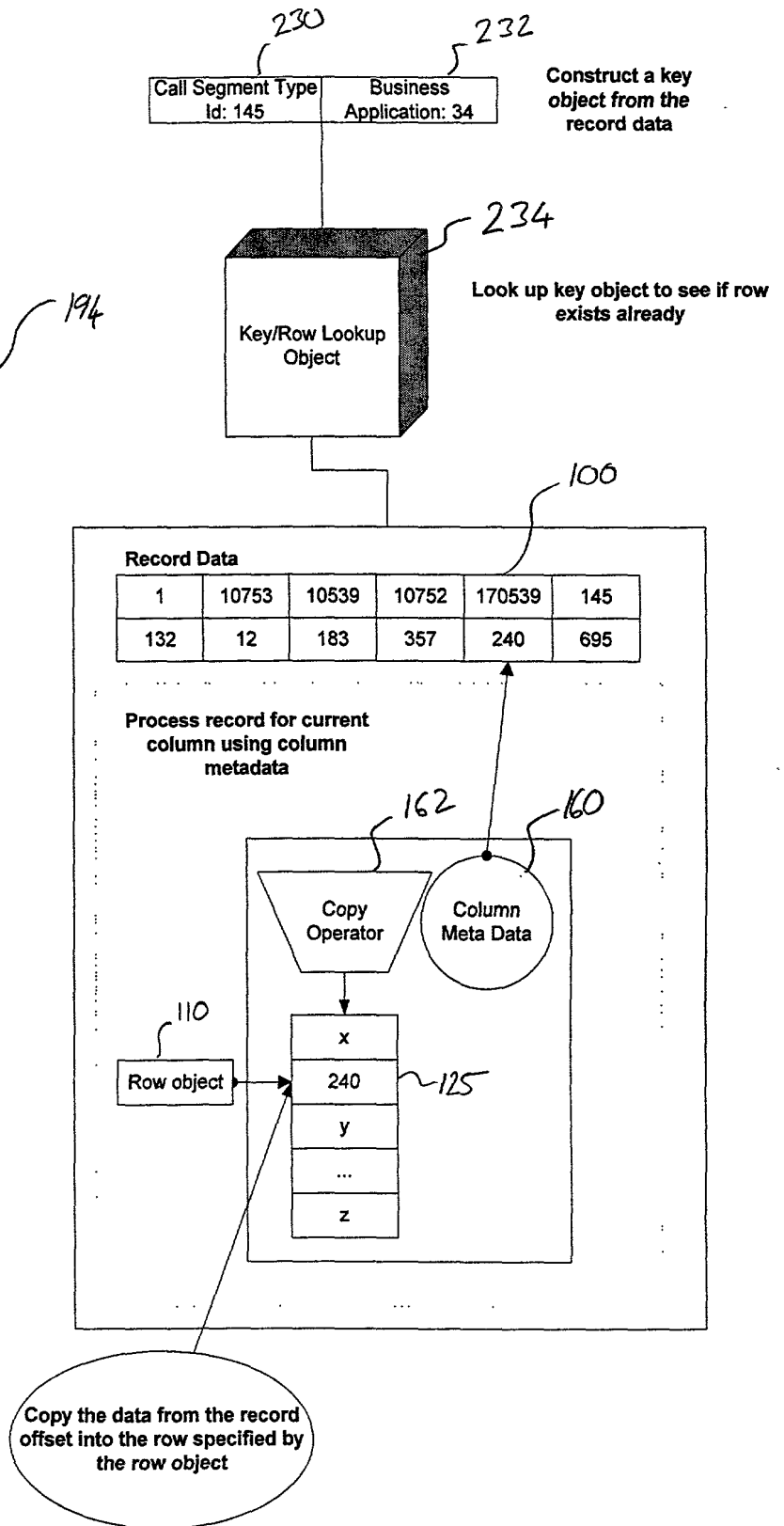


FIG. 11

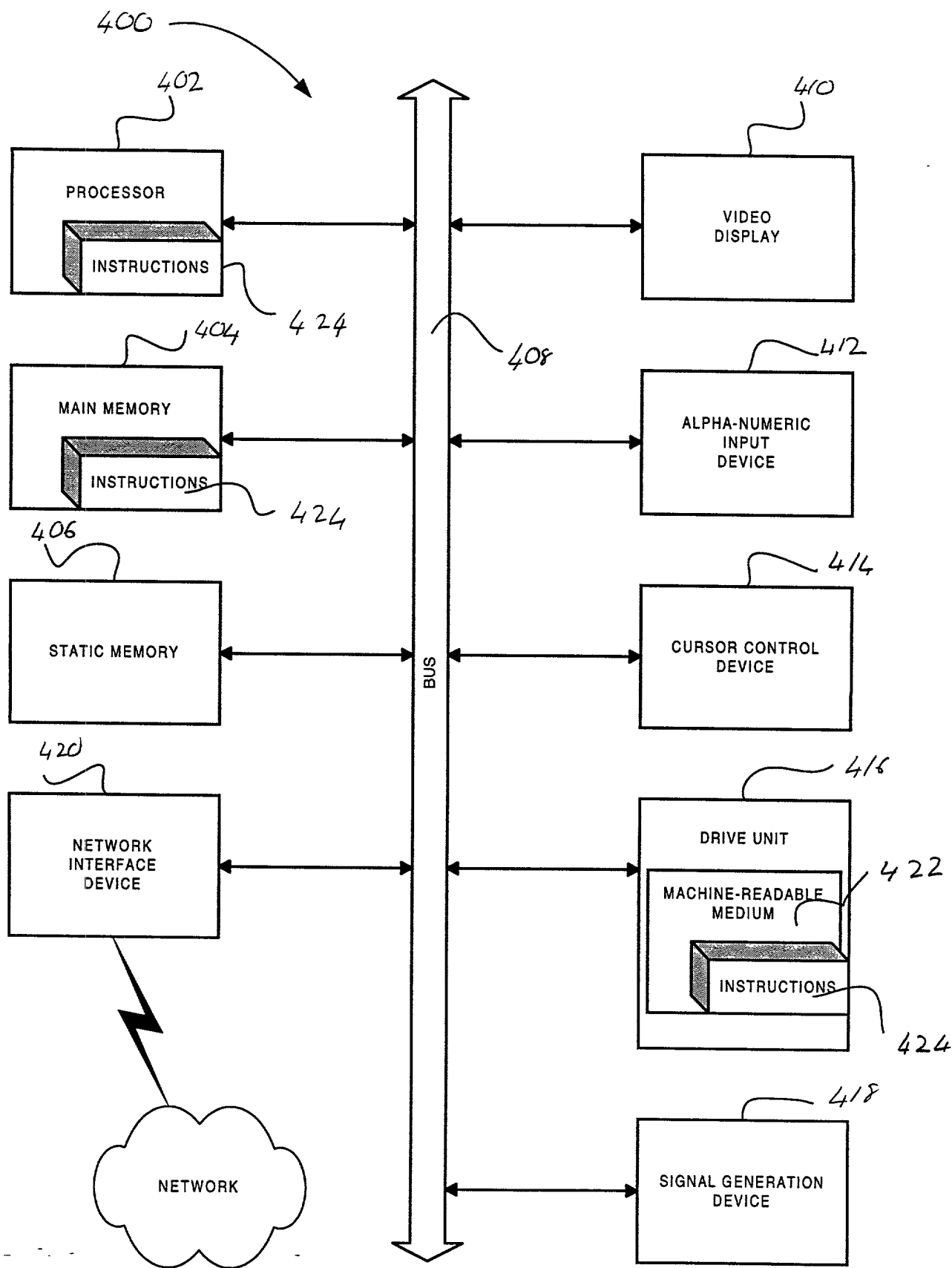


FIGURE 12

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below, next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first, and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first, and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

METHOD AND PROCESS FOR ACCUMULATING AND SUMMARIZING DATA FOR
DEFINED TIME INTERVALS WITHIN A CUSTOMER INTERACTION SYSTEM

the specification of which

 X is attached hereto.
 was filed on _____ as
United States Application Number _____
or PCT International Application Number _____
and was amended on _____
(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claim(s), as amended by any amendment referred to above. I do not know and do not believe that the claimed invention was ever known or used in the United States of America before my invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my invention thereof or more than one year prior to this application, that the same was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to this application, and that the invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of this application in any country foreign to the United States of America on an application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months (for a utility patent application) or six months (for a design patent application) prior to this application.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Prior Foreign Application(s)</u>			<u>Priority Claimed</u>	
_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes	No
_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes	No
_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes	No

I hereby claim the benefit under title 35, United States Code, Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

_____ (Application Number)	_____ Filing Date
_____ (Application Number)	_____ Filing Date

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

_____ (Application Number)	_____ Filing Date	_____ (Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)
_____ (Application Number)	_____ Filing Date	_____ (Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint the persons listed on Appendix A hereto (which is incorporated by reference and a part of this document) as my respective patent attorneys and patent agents, with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith.

Send correspondence to André L. Marais, BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR &
(Name of Attorney or Agent)
ZAFMAN LLP, 12400 Wilshire Boulevard 7th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90025 and direct
telephone calls to André L. Marais, (408) 720-8598.
(Name of Attorney or Agent)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full Name of Sole/First Inventor Robert Joyce

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Residence San Jose, California Citizenship USA
(City, State) (Country)

Post Office Address 5814 Avignon Ct.
San Jose, CA 95138

Full Name of Second/Joint Inventor Richard Ney

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Residence San Jose, California Citizenship India
(City, State) (Country)

Post Office Address 2646 Yerba Vista Ct.
San Jose, CA 95121

Full Name of Third/Joint Inventor Kevin Garcia

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Residence San Jose, California Citizenship USA
(City, State) (Country)

Post Office Address 3239 Heritage Point Ct.
San Jose, CA 95148

Full Name of Fourth/Joint Inventor _____

Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Residence _____ Citizenship _____
(City, State) (Country)

Post Office Address _____

APPENDIX A

William E. Alford, Reg. No. 37,764; Farzad E. Amini, Reg. No. P42,261; Aloysius T. C. AuYeung, Reg. No. 35,432; William Thomas Babbitt, Reg. No. 39,591; Carol F. Barry, Reg. No. 41,600; Jordan Michael Becker, Reg. No. 39,602; Bradley J. Bereznak, Reg. No. 33,474; Michael A. Bernadicou, Reg. No. 35,934; Roger W. Blakely, Jr., Reg. No. 25,831; Gregory D. Caldwell, Reg. No. 39,926; Ronald C. Card, Reg. No. P44,587; Yong S. Choi, Reg. No. P43,324; Thomas M. Coester, Reg. No. 39,637; Michael Anthony DeSanctis, Reg. No. 39,957; Daniel M. De Vos, Reg. No. 37,813; Robert Andrew Diehl, Reg. No. 40,992; Tarek N. Fahmi, Reg. No. 41,402; James Y. Go, Reg. No. 40,621; Dinu Gruia, Reg. No. P42,996; Willmore F. Holbrow III, Reg. No. P41,845; George W. Hoover II, Reg. No. 32,992; Eric S. Hyman, Reg. No. 30,139; Dag H. Johansen, Reg. No. 36,172; William W. Kidd, Reg. No. 31,772; Michael J. Mallie, Reg. No. 36,591; Andre L. Marais, under 37 C.F.R. § 10.9(b); Paul A. Mendonsa, Reg. No. 42,879; Darren J. Milliken, Reg. No. 42,004; Lisa A. Norris, Reg. No. P44,976; Thien T. Nguyen, Reg. No. 43,835; Thinh V. Nguyen, Reg. No. 42,034; Dennis A. Nicholls, Reg. No. 42,036; Kimberley G. Nobles, Reg. No. 38,255; Daniel E. Ovanezian, Reg. No. 41,236; Babak Redjaian, Reg. No. 42,096; James H. Salter, Reg. No. 35,668; William W. Schaal, Reg. No. 39,018; James C. Scheller, Reg. No. 31,195; Anand Sethuraman, Reg. No. P43,351; Charles E. Shemwell, Reg. No. 40,171; Jeffrey Sam Smith, Reg. No. 39,377; Maria McCormack Sobrino, Reg. No. 31,639; Stanley W. Sokoloff, Reg. No. 25,128; Judith A. Szepesi, Reg. No. 39,393; Vincent P. Tassinari, Reg. No. 42,179; Edwin H. Taylor, Reg. No. 25,129; George G. C. Tseng, Reg. No. 41,355; Joseph A. Twarowski, Reg. No. 42,191; Lester J. Vincent, Reg. No. 31,460; Glenn E. Von Tersch, Reg. No. 41,364; John Patrick Ward, Reg. No. 40,216; Stephen Warhola, Reg. No. 43,237; Charles T. J. Weigell, Reg. No. 43,398; Kirk D. Williams, Reg. No. 42,229; James M. Wu, Reg. No. P45,241; Steven D. Yates, Reg. No. 42,242; Ben J. Yorks, Reg. No. 33,609; and Norman Zafman, Reg. No. 26,250; my patent attorneys, and James A. Henry, Reg. No. 41,064; my patent agent, of BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP, with offices located at 12400 Wilshire Boulevard, 7th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90025, telephone (310) 207-3800, and James R. Thein, Reg. No. 31,710, my patent attorney, and Mark J. Meltzer, Reg. No. 28,739 and Steven R. Sponseller, Reg. No. 39,384, of ASPECT TELECOMMUNICATIONS, with offices located at 1730 Fox Drive, San Jose, CA 95131; with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith.

APPENDIX B

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 Duty to Disclose Information Material to Patentability

(a) A patent by its very nature is affected with a public interest. The public interest is best served, and the most effective patent examination occurs when, at the time an application is being examined, the Office is aware of and evaluates the teachings of all information material to patentability. Each individual associated with the filing and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good faith in dealing with the Office, which includes a duty to disclose to the Office all information known to that individual to be material to patentability as defined in this section. The duty to disclose information exists with respect to each pending claim until the claim is cancelled or withdrawn from consideration, or the application becomes abandoned. Information material to the patentability of a claim that is cancelled or withdrawn from consideration need not be submitted if the information is not material to the patentability of any claim remaining under consideration in the application. There is no duty to submit information which is not material to the patentability of any existing claim. The duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability is deemed to be satisfied if all information known to be material to patentability of any claim issued in a patent was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office in the manner prescribed by §§1.97(b)-(d) and 1.98. However, no patent will be granted on an application in connection with which fraud on the Office was practiced or attempted or the duty of disclosure was violated through bad faith or intentional misconduct. The Office encourages applicants to carefully examine:

- (1) Prior art cited in search reports of a foreign patent office in a counterpart application, and
 - (2) The closest information over which individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application believe any pending claim patentably defines, to make sure that any material information contained therein is disclosed to the Office.
- (b) Under this section, information is material to patentability when it is not cumulative to information already of record or being made of record in the application, and
- (1) It establishes, by itself or in combination with other information, a prima facie case of unpatentability of a claim; or
 - (2) It refutes, or is inconsistent with, a position the applicant takes in:
 - (i) Opposing an argument of unpatentability relied on by the Office, or
 - (ii) Asserting an argument of patentability.

A prima facie case of unpatentability is established when the information compels a conclusion that a claim is unpatentable under the preponderance of evidence, burden-of-proof standard, giving each term in the claim its broadest reasonable construction consistent with the specification, and before any consideration is given to evidence which may be submitted in an attempt to establish a contrary conclusion of patentability.

(c) Individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application within the meaning of this section are:

- (1) Each inventor named in the application;
- (2) Each attorney or agent who prepares or prosecutes the application; and
- (3) Every other person who is substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application and who is associated with the inventor, with the assignee or with anyone to whom there is an obligation to assign the application.

(d) Individuals other than the attorney, agent or inventor may comply with this section by disclosing information to the attorney, agent, or inventor.

02950.P015

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

Robert Joyce et al.

Serial No.: New application

Filing Date: Herewith

For: METHOD AND PROCESS FOR
ACCUMULATING AND
SUMMARIZING DATA FOR DEFINED
TIME INTERVALS WITHIN A
CUSTOMER INTERACTION SYSTEM

Examiner: Not yet assigned

Art Unit: Not yet assigned

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

APPOINTMENT OF ASSOCIATE ATTORNEY

Sir:

I hereby appoint André L. Marais as my associate attorney in the above-entitled application, to prosecute this application, to make alterations and amendments therein, and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

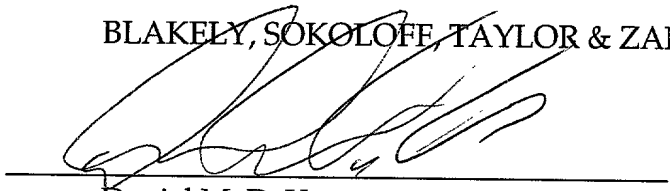
Please continue to address all future communications to Blakely, Sokoloff, Taylor & Zafman LLP, 12400 Wilshire Blvd., Seventh Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026.

Respectfully submitted,

BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN, LLP

Date: 8/23, 1999

12400 Wilshire Boulevard
Seventh Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026
(408) 720-8598


Daniel M. DeVos
Registration No. 37,813